15

25

5

Claims

- 1. A method of treating a patient with an antibody-related disease, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient on a first day and again on a second day, with at least about 3 weeks between the first day and the second day.
- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient on a third day, with an interval of at least about 3 weeks between the second day and the third day.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the interval between the first day and the second day is at least about 4 weeks, at least about 6 weeks, or at least about 8 weeks.
 - 4. A method of treating a patient with an antibody-related disease, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient for a first therapeutic period at intervals of less than about 3 weeks, then administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient for a second therapeutic period at intervals of at least about 3 weeks.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the anti-CD40L compound is administered for the second therapeutic period at intervals of at least about 4 weeks.
 - 6. A method of treating a patient with a chronic autoimmune disease, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient on a first day and again on a second day, with at least about 3 weeks between the first day and the second day.
 - 7. The method of claim 6, further comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient on a third day, with at least about 3 weeks between the second day and the third day.

25

- 8. The method of claim 6, wherein there is at least about 4 weeks between the first day and the second day.
- 9. A method of treating a patient with a chronic immune system disorder, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient for a first therapeutic period at intervals of less than about 3 weeks, then administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient for a second therapeutic period at intervals of at least about 3 weeks.
- 10. The method of claim-9, wherein the anti-CD40L compound is administered for the second therapeutic period at intervals of at least about 4 weeks.
 - 11. The method of claim 9, wherein the chronic immune disorder is systemic lupus erythematosus, an allergic disorder, myasthenia gravis, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, or anti-phospholipid syndrome.
 - 12. The method of claim 9, wherein the chronic immune disorder is psoriasis, arthritis or multiple sclerosis.
- 20 13. The method of claim 9, wherein the anti-CD40L compound is an anti-CD40L antibody.
 - 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
 - 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the monoclonal antibody is 5c8.
 - 16. The method of claim 9, wherein the anti-CD40L compound is formulated in a therapeutic composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of the anti-CD40L compound and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

15

25

- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the therapeutic composition further comprises a second therapeutically effective compound.
- 18. A method of inhibiting rejection of transplanted tissue within a patient, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient on a first day and again on a second day, with at least about 3 weeks between the first day and the second day.
- 19. The method of claim 18, further comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient on a third day, with at least about 3 weeks between the second day and the third day.
 - 20. The method of claim 18 wherein there is at least about 4 weeks between the first day and the second day.
 - 21. The method of claim 18, wherein the transplanted tissue is a kidney, liver, or heart.
 - 22. The method of claim 18, wherein the transplanted tissue is an allograft or a xenograft.
- 23. A method of inhibiting rejection of transplanted tissue within a patient, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient for a first therapeutic period at intervals of less than about 3 weeks, then administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient for a second therapeutic period at intervals of at least about 3 weeks.
 - 24. A method of inhibiting immune reaction to the gene product of a transgene within a patient, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-CD40L compound to the patient on a first day and again on a second day, with at least about 3 weeks between the first day and the second day.